

NUMBER: PLACE VALUE
ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION
SECTION 1 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Putting numbers into words } \\ & \text { SECTION } 2\end{aligned}$ Multiplying and dividing by 10 and 100

## NUMBER: PLACE VALUE <br> ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION

## TEACHING OBJECTIVES

- Read and write whole numbers in figures and in words, and know what each digit represents.
- Multiply and divide any positive whole number up to 10000 by 10 or 100 and understand the effect.
- Order positive and negative integers (number line, temperature).
- Calculate temperature rises across $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- Approximate first and use informal pencil and paper methods to support, record or explain addition and subtraction.
- Extend written methods to addition and subtraction of two integers less than 10000. ${ }^{-8}$
- Extend written methods to addition of more than two integers less than 10000.
- Develop calculator skills and use a calculator effectively, interpret the display in different contexts.
- Solve word problems


## SECTION 1 Putting numbers into words

SECTION 2 Multiplying and dividing by 10 and 100

SECTION 3 Positive and negative numbers

SECTION 4 Addition

SECTION 5 Subtraction

SECTION 6 Calculating with money

SECTION 7 Addition and subtraction problems

## HOMEWORK

- Practice exercises on positive and negative numbers.
- Following on from Star Challenge 7 in Section 4, there is further work on arithmogons in the Framework for teaching mathematics: Years 7, 8 and 9.
- Many pupils will need further practice at written addition and subtraction and solving word problems.


## Checklist for pupils

## Putting numbers into words

You will:

- read and write numbers using figures and words


## Multiplying and dividing by 10 and 100

You will:

- multiply whole numbers by 10 and 100
- divide whole numbers by 10 and 100


## Positive and negative numbers

You will:

- put positive and negative numbers in order
- work with temperature differences


## Addition and subtraction

You will:

- add numbers
- subtract numbers
- recognise when to add and when to subtract numbers


## Calculating with money

You will:

- practise calculating with money
- work with bills


## Addition and subtraction problems

You will:

- use addition and subtraction to solve word problems


## SECTION 1: PUTTING NUMBERS INTO WORDS

## DIRECT TEACHING POINTS

- Use this section as the basis of short mental activities during the term.
- Use place value cards to demonstrate how 237 can be thought of as $200+30+7$ rather than 2 hundreds, 3 tens and 7 units.

- Pay attention to the correct spelling of number names.
- Give pupils practice in writing large numbers in words and numerals. Exercise 1 is a consolidation exercise.
- Star Challenge 1 is a good diagnostic exercise to test pupils' understanding of place value.
- In Star Challenge 2, encourage pupils to discuss their answers. They can repeat the exercise generating their own numbers, by throwing dice.

number names (correct spelling) place value


## Putting numbers into words

1 Numbers and words


## Putting numbers into words

Which of these numbers is ...?

| 4010 | 4100 | 4001 | 4001000 | 4001100 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2007 | 2070 | 2700 | 2007000 | 2000007 |

1 Which of these numbers is four thousand and one?
2 Which of these numbers is four million, one thousand?
3 Which of these numbers is four million, one thousand, one hundred?

4 Which of these numbers is two thousand and seventy?
5 Which of these numbers is two million and seven?
6 Which of these numbers is two thousand and seven?


## SECTION 2: MULTIPLYING AND DIVIDING BY 10 AND 100

## DIRECT TEACHING POINTS

- Use this Section as the basis of mental activities during the term.
- Show pupils how to generalise multiplication and division by 10 so that they will be able to cope with decimals. The change in value of the digits is the key to their understanding. You need to discuss why $4.6 \times 10 \neq 4.60$ and $40.3 \div 10 \neq 4.3$.

Multiplying a number by 10 moves the digits one place to the left.
Multiplying a number by 100 moves the digits two places to the left.

```
Th H T U
```



```
This shows that \(35 \times 10=350\)
```



```
\(\times 100\)
This shows that \(27 \times 100=2700\)
```

Dividing a number by 10 moves the digits one place to the right.
Dividing a number by 100 moves the digits two places to the right.

## Th H $\quad \mathbf{T} \quad \mathbf{U}$



This shows that $250 \div 10=25$


- Emphasise that multiplication and division by 10 (and powers of 10 ) is a mental calculation.
- Make sure pupils can explain $30 \times 50$ as (for example) $3 \times 5 \times 100$. Give them opportunities to explain their calculations.
- Star Challenge 3 is suitable for pairs of pupils to work on together. This question is typical of National Curriculum test questions.
- Star Challenge 4 will extend pupils who can quickly recall multiplication bonds. It revises square numbers from Unit 1. This work should form part of regular mental work and include questions like $40 \times 40,80 \times 70$.
 multiplication division multiply divide squared digit million thousand hundred


## Multiplying and dividing

 by 10 and 100by 10 and 100

| 1 | $5 \times 10=$ | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 2 | $42 \times 10=$ | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ |
| 3 | $6 \times \ldots \ldots$ | $=$ |
| 4 | $83 \times 100=$ | $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |


| 5 | $15 \times 100=$ | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 6 | $17 \times \ldots \ldots=$ | 170 |
| 7 | $\ldots \ldots \times 100=$ | 2300 |
| 8 | $101 \times 10=$ | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ |

Dividing whole numbers
2
by $\mathbf{1 0}$ and 100

| 1 | $60 \div$ | $10=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | $350 \div$ | $10=$ |
| 3 | $\div$ | $10=$ |
| 4 | $3100 \div$ | $100=$ |

$5 \quad 200 \div 10=$
$6 \quad$...... $\div 100=15$
$77000 \div \ldots \ldots=700$
$81100 \div \ldots \ldots=110$


## Multiplying and dividing by 10 and 100

Complete these. Put 1 digit in each box $\qquad$
 $\square$.


1
$43 \square \div 10=\square 3$ (2 marks)

2 $\square$ $\square$ $\div 10=7 \square$ (3 marks)

3 Ellen puts a three-digit whole number into her calculator. She divides the number by 10. Her answer is 45.

What is the number that she put into her calculator?


5
 (2 marks)

6 $\square$ $0 \div 10=\square 03$ (3 marks)

7 Amy puts a single digit whole number into her calculator. She multiplies the number by 10.
(a) Put in the last digit on the calculator display.
(b) What number did she multiply by 10?

8 Peter puts a two-digit whole number into his calculator. He multiplies the number by 10.
(a) Put in the last digit on the calculator display.
(b) Can you tell what the middle digit is on the display? (Yes or no)

Peter puts the same two-digit whole number into his calculator. He multiplies the number by 100.
(c) Fill in the complete calculator display.


(3 marks)

Multiplying and dividing by 10 and 100

## Multiplying in your head



Work out in your head:
$16 \times 20=$
$37 \times 40=$
$55 \times 50=$
$27 \times 30=$
$48 \times 30=$
$64 \times 90=$


| 7 | 3 | $\times$ | 400 | 13 | 5 | $\times$ | 5000 | 19 | $30 \times 20$ | $=$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 2 | $\times$ |  | 14 | 7 | $\times$ | 2000 | 20 | $20 \times 40$ | = |
| 9 | 5 | $\times$ | 600 | 15 | 6 | $\times$ | 6000 | 21 | $50 \times 60$ | $=$ |
| 10 | 7 | $\times$ |  | 16 | 8 | $\times$ | 4000 | 22 | $80 \times 30$ | $=$ |
| 11 | 3 | $\times$ |  | 17 | 6 | $\times$ | 200 | 23 | $40 \times 60$ | $=$ |
| 12 | 2 | $\times$ | 000 | 18 | 8 | $\times$ |  | 24 | $80 \times 60$ | $=$ |


| 25 | 50 squared | 27 | 30 squared $=$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26 | 20 squar | 28 | 70 |  |  |  |

## SECTION 3: POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE NUMBERS

## DIRECT TEACHING POINTS

- Use a number line to model positive and negative whole numbers.
- Pupils need experience of number lines (scales) in different orientations.
- The calculation of differences by counting on needs to be taught, initially between two positive numbers in Unit 1, and now between a negative number and a positive number. Use exercises 1,2 and 3 as consolidation. Model the process on a thermometer scale or number line. Use this as a focus for mental work.
- Pupils need to work with word problems as presented in this section. Teach the key vocabulary.

integer positive negative difference order temperature thermometer


## Positive and negative numbers

## 1 Winter weather

1 Put the four missing labels on the thermometer.

2 The temperature is $-2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The temperature rises by $1^{\circ}$. The new temperature is The

3 The temperature is $-2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The temperature falls by $3^{\circ}$. The new temperature is

4 The temperature is $-2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The temperature rises by $5^{\circ}$. The new temperature is


2 A cold night

These maps show how the temperature in Belfast changed overnight.


1 At what time was the temperature the highest?
2 At what time was the temperature the lowest?
3 Between 9 pm and midnight, did the temperature rise or fall?

4 How many degrees did the temperature fall between midnight and 6 am?


(b) How many degrees did the temperature fall or rise between midnight and midday?


## SECTION 4 AND 5: ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION

## DIRECT TEACHING POINTS

- You need to be familiar with the progression through informal and expanded methods as shown in the Framework for teaching mathematics from Reception to Year 6.
- Make a clear assessment of pupils' confidence in written methods for addition and subtraction. The aim is for all pupils to understand and use appropriately an efficient written method. Some pupils will have reached this stage but others may still be using expanded methods.


```
684-256
```

    \(\begin{array}{rlllll}600 & 80 & 4 & 600 & 70 & 14 \\ -200 & 50 & 6 & & 200 \quad 50 & 6 \\ & & =400+20+8 & =428\end{array}\)
    $$
734-251
$$



- Target the practice exercises to meet pupils' needs. Not every pupil will need to do all the examples.
A no regrouping
1 576-234
2 695-273
3 768-332
$B$ regroup T U
1 586-247
2 491-176
C regroup $H$ T
$1857-382$
$2769-285$
D regroup H T U
1 706-387
2 904-268
3
$645-387$
- Use errors as teaching points.

- Discuss Star Challenge 7 in Section 5 with pupils. It is a useful introduction to the solution of equations. Emphasise the links between addition and subtraction. Learning one fact or knowing one result allows pupils to deduce many others.
- Star Challenges 7 and 8 are typical of National Curriculum test questions.
- For pupils who struggle with subtraction you may want to teach an alternative method. This one requires 'negative number' rather than decomposition.

659

- 286

400

- 30

3
373


## Addition

1 Addition


$125531+16+3160$ $\square$

## Addition arithmogons


sum of the two numbers in the circles on each side of it.

Copy and complete each arithmogon.
Show all your working in your exercise book.


Make up some arithmogons.

## Subtraction

1 Subtraction I

A



B
1 586-247



D [-1 $706-387=$
$\qquad$


## Subtraction

2 Subtraction 2
$5435-117$

$962-178$



## Subtraction

Add or subtract?
13-14 correct 2 stars 11-12 correct 1 star


Calculate the missing numbers:



Find the missing digits

Copy the sums.
Put in the missing digits.
1
34
$+$
$+\quad 5 \square$
2
3 $\square$ 8

$\square$
$\square$ 65 $\square$ $82=847$
There are six possible answers to Question 3.

## DIRECT TEACHING POINTS

- Use mental work to consolidate complements to 100.
$60+$$=100$
$65+\square$100
$63+\square$100
- Include some examples in context of money.


## You go to the shop.

$f 1$ You have a f 1 coin. You buy a book.

How much change would you get if the till showed:
(a) $\mathbf{£ 0 . 9 0}$ Change from $£ 1=\ldots \ldots . .$. p
(b) $£ \mathbf{0 . 5 5}$ Change from $£ 1=\ldots \ldots . \ldots$ p
(c) $\mathbf{£ 0 . 3 5}$ Change from $£ 1=\ldots . .$. . . . . p

- Teach calculator skills. Pupils need to decide when it is appropriate to use mental, written or calculator methods to complete calculations. Discuss why $£ 2.31+4$ p is not $£ 6.31$.

change how much? how many?


## Calculating with money

## 1 Pounds and pence



Example

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
£ 0.05=5 p & 10 p=£ 0.10 \\
£ 0.40=40 p & 70 p=£ 0.70
\end{array}
$$

Complete each statement:

.
2 (5p) 50.05
$s o(5 p+2 p+1 p=f$

3 (50p $+2 p$ so $20.52+(10 p+(1 p=5$

4 Write in pence:
(a) $£ 0.25=$
(c) $£ 0.80=\ldots \ldots$ p
(b) $£ 0.12=$
p
(d) $£ 0.08=\ldots \ldots \mathrm{p}$
5 Write in pounds: (a) 75p $=\boldsymbol{f}$
(c) $9 \mathrm{p}=\boldsymbol{f}$
(b) $20 p=£$
(d) $82 p=£$

Calculating with money

## 2 Checking your bill



You are less likely to make mistakes in bills if you:

- write all amounts in $£(\mathrm{£} 0.60$ instead of 60 p)
- stack the figures in a column
- stack the figures with the decimal points below each other

Each of these bills is written badly.
Write a new bill beside each old one.
Work out the total.

1 Red Dragon Takeaway

|  |  | New bill |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chow Mein | $£ 2.45$ | $£ 2.45$ |  |  |  |
| Noodles | $90 p$ | $£ 0.90$ |  |  |  |
| Spring rolls | $£ 1.30$ | $£ 1.30$ |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

2 It's a Snip


3 Pete's Pet Shop

|  |  | New bill |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Gerbil food | $£ 1.65$ | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ |
| Fish pellets | $£ 2.68$ | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ |
| Bird seed | $84 p$ | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ |
| Total |  |  |
|  |  |  |

4 Patel's Papers


## Calculating with money

Find the mistakes


11-12 correct 1 star
The total of each of these two bills is wrong. Write each bill correctly. Find the total.

1 Tommy's Toys


2 Benny's Books


3 There are two mistakes in the entries.
Correct the mistakes.
Find the total.

## Bobby's Bakers



Calculating with money

10
Meet the @ symbol


15-16 correct 2 stars 10-14 correct 1 star

2 pens @ 12p
means ' 2 pens at $12 p$ each'
3 pkts nails @ 25p
means '3 packets of nails at 25p per packet'

Find the cost of:
13 pencils @ 10p
24 pkts nails @ 25p
3 3 cakes @ 40p

42 loaves @ 60p
53 tins beans @ 16p
66 roses @ $£ 2$

Complete each of these bills:

## 7 Bodger's DIY Ltd.

4 shelves @ $£ 2.45$
8 brackets @ 42p
5 packs wood screws @ $£ 1.06$
Wood glue @ 48p
Total

Delivery charge 25p
Total

SECTION 7: ADDITION AND
SUBTRACTION PROBLEMS

## DIRECT TEACHING POINTS

- Teach pupils to:
- read a word problem
- extract relevant information
- decide which calculation is necessary
- do the calculation
- interpret the answer in the context of the problem.

Model the process with some examples. Exercise 1 and Star Challenge 11 provide practice examples.

## Addition and

 subtraction problems1 Do you add or subtract?

## Example

Mary had $£ 145$.
She bought a dress for $£ 27$.
How much did she have left ?
0

## Example

$\begin{array}{r}1^{3} x^{1} 5 \\ -\quad 27 \\ \hline 118\end{array}$
She had £118 left.

For each problem:

- read the question
- write down an addition or subtraction calculation
- work out the answer to the calculation
- write down the answer to the problem

1 Dave had $£ 53$.
He spent $£ 35$.
How much did he have left?
Calculation

Answer

3 Number in Y8: 137
Number of Y8 present: 89
How many Y8 students
are absent?
Calculation

Answer

2 In Y7, there are 68 girls and 87 boys.
How many students are there in Y7?
Calculation

Answer

4 Stella had $£ 75$ in her bank. She won $£ 50$.
How much does she have now?
Calculation

Answer

## Addition and subtraction problems

For each problem:

- read the question
- write down an addition or subtraction calculation
- work out the answer to the calculation
- write down the answer to the problem

1 Dave had $£ 375$. He spent $£ 240$ on a CD player. How much did he have left?

2 Sue had $£ 264$ in the bank. She puts another $£ 37$ into her bank account.
How much does she now have in the bank?


3 Carl has $£ 417$ in the bank. He takes out $£ 50$. How much has he left in the bank?

4 Mary needs $£ 635$ to go on a ski trip. She has earned $£ 542$.
How much more does she need?
5 In Year 9 there are 76 boys and 58 girls.
(a) How many students are there in Year 9?
(b) On the last day of term, there were 97 Year 9 students in school. How many were absent?

6 Ella was born in 1997. How old will she be in 2050?
7 Eddy won $£ 585$. He gave $£ 235$ to his mother. How much did he have left?

8 Ben went shopping for furniture for his new flat. He bought a bed for $£ 265$.
He bought table and chairs for $£ 182$.
He bought a lamp for $£ 29$.
(a) How much did he spend altogether?
(b) He started with $£ 500$. How much did he have left?

## Unit 2 Answers

## Section 1

Putting numbers into words

1 Numbers and words

| 1 | 201 | two hundred and one |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 210 | two hundred and ten |
| 3 | 306 | three hundred and six |
| 4 | 530 | five hundred and thirty |
| 5 | 640 | six hundred and forty |
| 6 | 715 | seven hundred and fifteen |
| 7 | 906 | nine hundred and six |
| 8 | 960 | nine hundred and sixty |
| 9 | 346 | three hundred and forty-six |
| 10 | 725 | seven hundred and twenty-five |
| 11 | 403 | four hundred and three |
| 12 | 670 | six hundred and seventy |
| 13 | 1204 | one thousand, two hundred and four |
| 14 | 2005 | two thousand and five |
| 15 | 2050 | two thousand and fifty |
| 16 | 3103 | three thousand, one hundred and three |
| 17 | 3130 | three thousand, one hundred and thirty |
| 18 | 2500 | two thousand, five hundred |
| 19 | 2504 | two thousand, five hundred and four |
| 20 | 2540 | two thousand, five hundred and forty |
| 21 | 6010 | six thousand and ten |
| 22 | 4009 | four thousand and nine |
| 23 | 3100 | three thousand, one hundred |
| 24 | 7023 | seven thousand and twenty three |
| 25 | 245346 | two hundred and forty five thousand, three hundred and forty six |
| 26 | 2432030 | two million, four hundred and thirty two thousand and thirty |

## Unit 2 Answers

## Section 2

## Multiplying and dividing by 10 and 100



## Unit 2 Answers

## Positive and negative numbers

continued

2
A cold night
19 pm
26 am
3 fall
$43^{\circ}$

3 Comparing temperatures
1 South West
5 London
2 Scottish Highlands
6 West Midlands
$34^{\circ}$
$72^{\circ}$
$48^{\circ}$

## Section 4

Addition

1 Addition

| 1 | 794 | 2 | 768 | 3 | 698 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 896 | 5 | 579 | 6 | 888 |
| 7 | 269 | 8 | 579 | 9 | 392 |
| 10 | 5810 | 11 | 2666 | 12 | 8707 |

## Section 5

Subtraction

1 Subtraction 1
A $1 \quad 342$
B 1339
2422
3436
C 1475
2315
D 1319
2484
2636
3258

Subtraction 2

| 1 | 114 | 2 | 212 | 3 | 216 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 546 | 5 | 318 | 6 | 311 |
| 7 | 207 | 8 | 187 | 9 | 584 |
| 10 | 387 | 11 | 89 |  |  |

## Unit Answers



Pounds and pence

| 1 | $£ 0.60$ | 4 | (a) $\mathbf{2 5 p}$ | (b) $\mathbf{1 2 p}$ | (c) $\mathbf{8 0 p}$ | (d) $8 p$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | $£ 0.08$ | 5 | (a) $£ 0.75$ | (b) $£ 0.20$ | (c) $£ 0.09$ | (d) $£ 0.82$ |
| 3 | $£ 0.31$ |  |  |  |  |  |

2
Checking your bill

| 1 f 2.45 | 2 £6.40 | 3 f 1.65 | 4 f 3.45 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| £0.90 | £0.95 | £2.68 | £1.23 |
| £1.30 | £0.30 | £0.84 | £0.52 |
| £4.65 | £7.65 | £5.17 | £5.20 |

## Section 7

Addition and subtraction problems

Do you add or subtract?
1 Calculation: $53-35=18$ Answer: Dave had $£ 18$ left.
2 Calculation: $68+87=155$ Answer: There are 155 students in Year 7.

3 Calculation: 137-89 = 48 Answer: 48 students are absent.
4 Calculation: $75+50=\mathbf{1 2 5}$ Answer: Stella had $\mathbf{£ 1 2 5}$.

Unit Answers


## Star Challenge answers

| Which of these numbers is... ? |  | All correct 1 star |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 4001 | 4 | 2070 |
| 2 | 4001000 | 5 | 2000007 |
| 3 | 4001100 | 6 | 2007 |
| Making numbers to order |  | All correct 1 star |  |

18643 eight thousand, six hundred and forty three
214579 fourteen thousand, five hundred and seventy nine
386520 eighty six thousand, five hundred and twenty


| $\times$ and $\div$ puzzles | $18-19$ correct 2 stars <br> $16-17$ correct 1 star |
| :--- | :--- |


| $\mathbf{1}$ | $430 \div 10=\mathbf{4 3}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | $\mathbf{7 5 0} \div 10=\mathbf{7 5}$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4 5 0}$ |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $52 \times 100=\mathbf{5 2 0 0}$ |

$57300 \div 10=730$
$64030 \div 10=403$
7 (a) 0 (b) 6
8 (a) 0
(b) no
(c) 3800

Multiplying in your head

| 1 | $6 \times 20=$ | 120 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | $7 \times 30=$ | 210 |
| 3 | $7 \times 40=$ | 280 |
| 4 | $8 \times 30=$ | 240 |
| 5 | $5 \times 50=$ | 250 |
| 6 | $4 \times 90=$ | 360 |
| 7 | $3 \times 400=$ | 1200 |
| 8 | $2 \times 700=$ | 1400 |
| 9 | $5 \times 600=$ | 3000 |
| 10 | $7 \times 300=$ | 2100 |
| 11 | $6 \times 300=$ | 1800 |
| 12 | $2 \times 3000=$ | 6000 |
| 13 | $5 \times 5000=$ | 25000 |
| 14 | $7 \times 2000=$ | 14000 |
| 15 | $6 \times 6000=$ | $\mathbf{3 6 0 0 0}$ |

27-38 correct 2 stars
25-26 correct 1 star

| 16 | $8 \times 4000=$ | 32000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 | $6 \times 200$ | 1200 |
| 18 | $8 \times 400$ | 3200 |
| 19 | $30 \times 20$ | 600 |
| 20 | $20 \times 40$ | 800 |
| 21 | $50 \times 60$ | 3000 |
| 22 | $80 \times 30$ | 2400 |
| 23 | $40 \times 60$ | 2400 |
| 24 | $80 \times 60$ | 4800 |
| 25 | 50 squared $=$ | 2500 |
| 26 | 20 squared $=$ | 400 |
| 27 | 30 squared $=$ | 900 |
| 28 | 70 squared $=$ | 4900 |
| 29 | 200 squared $=$ | 40000 |
| 30 | 80 squared $=$ | 6400 |

## Unit Answers




Add or subtract?

13-14 correct 2 stars
$11-12$ correct 1 star
$8 \quad 10-4=4+2$
$9 \quad 12+5=20-3$
$10 \quad 15+6=17+4$
$11 \quad 12+8=\mathbf{1 5}+5$
$1246+4=25+25$
$13 \quad 25-6=10+9$
$14 \quad 21+14=42-7$

| $\mathbf{1}$ | $42+25=\mathbf{6 7}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $42+\mathbf{1 7}=59$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $32+\mathbf{1 5}=47$ |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $56+13=\mathbf{6 9}$ |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | $39+\mathbf{3 1}=70$ |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | $51+26=\mathbf{7 7}$ |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | $4+5=7+\mathbf{2}$ |

## Unit 2 Answers

## Star Challenge answers

Find the missing digits

| 34 |
| ---: |
| $+\quad 5 \boxed{7}$ |
| 91 |

$\begin{array}{ll}2 & 3 \\ 4 & 8\end{array}$
$+\begin{array}{r}263 \\ \hline 611\end{array}$

3 There are six possible answers:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathbf{6} 65+\boxed{1} 82=847 \\
& \mathbf{1} 65+\boxed{6} 82=847 \\
& \mathbf{2} 65+\boxed{5} 82=847 \\
& \mathbf{5} 65+\boxed{2} 82=847 \\
& \mathbf{3} 65+\boxed{4} 82=847 \\
& \mathbf{4} 65+\mathbf{3} 82=847
\end{aligned}
$$



Find the mistakes

| $\mathbf{1} £ 4.25$ | $\mathbf{Z}$ | $\mathbf{£ 3 . 9 5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{£ 0 . 8 0}$ |  | $\mathbf{£} 1.40$ |
| $\mathbf{£} 1.90$ |  | $\mathbf{£ 0 . 6 5}$ |
| $\mathbf{£ 6 . 9 5}$ |  | $\mathbf{£ 6 . 0 0}$ |

3 Mistake 1: 6 cakes at 30p
£1.60 each cost $\mathbf{£ 1 . 8 0}$, not $\mathbf{f 1 . 0 8}$
£1.80
Mistake 2: 4 packets of crisps cost 0.64 , not $£ 6.40$.

The correct bill is:
$\mathbf{f 0 . 6 4}$
£0.75
$£ 4.79$

Meet the @ symbol

| 1 | $\mathbf{3 0 p}$ | 4 | $£ 1.20$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2 | $£ 1.00$ | 5 | $48 p$ |
| 3 | $£ 1.20$ | 6 | $£ 12$ |

Unit Answers


## Star Challenge answers

## continued

20 marks 3 stars
17-19 marks 2 stars
13-16 marks 1 star

1 Calculation: $375-240=135$
Answer: Dave had $£ 135$ left
$2 \quad$ Calculation: $264+37=\mathbf{3 0 1}$
Answer: Sue now has $\mathbf{£ 3 0 1}$ in the bank
$3 \quad$ Calculation: $417-50=\mathbf{3 6 7}$
Answer: Carl has $\mathbf{f} \mathbf{3 6 7}$ left in the bank

4 Calculation: $635-542=93$
Answer: Mary needs another $\mathbf{f 9 3}$

5 (a) Calculation: $76+58=134$
Answer: There are 134 students in Y9
(b) Calculation: $134-97=37$

Answer: There were 37 students absent
$6 \quad$ Calculation: $2050-1997=53$
Answer: Ella will be 53 in 2050
$7 \quad$ Calculation: $585-235=\mathbf{3 5 0}$
Answer: Eddy had $\mathbf{£ 3 5 0}$ left

8 (a) Calculation: $265+182+29=476$
Answer: Ben spent $£ 476$ altogether
(b) Calculation: $500-476=\mathbf{2 4}$

Answer: Ben had $\mathbf{f 2 4}$ left

